



September 2022

# Student Voting Rates for Gallaudet University

## NSLVE Campus Report

**September 2022**  
**Dear Colleagues:**

We are pleased to share this tailored report containing your students' voting rates for several recent election cycles. This report contains three years of relevant topline data: 2014, 2018, and 2020. In addition to sharing the change between 2014 and 2018 voting rates, we also disaggregate the data so you can better identify and address gaps in participation. Although you have likely seen these numbers before, we find that many report recipients appreciate a refresher heading into another national election.

College and university students participated in record-breaking numbers in the 2020 election. In 2016, the Average Institutional Voting Rate was 53%. In 2020, it jumped to 66%. In the last midterm, the student voting rate more than doubled, from roughly 19% in 2014 to around 40% in 2018. These encouraging data points signal that 2022 can be yet another banner year for student participation if we all work together to ensure that lasting, long-term interventions turn this into a *trend* across the nation.

As always, we urge you to share this report widely and strategically, particularly with faculty who, in 2020, were often the most consistent communicators with students about ever-changing voting conditions and deadlines. We also encourage you to review our recommendations for leveraging election seasons to cultivate a robust and healthy campus climate for political engagement, discourse, equity, and participation, year around: Election Imperatives 2.0 and the more recent Election Imperatives 2020: A Time of Physical Distancing and Social Action, a report with recommendations for institutional leaders, faculty, and voter coalitions.

Since political dialogue across campus and attentiveness to the campus culture around speech and academic freedom are among our top recommendations, we direct you to our discussion guides on talking about your NSLVE report, on free speech and inclusion, and on how campuses use their NSLVE reports.

Finally, we always encourage you to work with us. Help us help you get better data by reaching out. Email [IDHE@Tufts.edu](mailto:IDHE@Tufts.edu) for more information, and as always, watch your inbox (or sign up!) for our periodic newsletter, announcements about upcoming releases, and new resources.

Remember, student political learning is a year-round objective. Elections may be episodic, but student engagement in democracy should not be.

All the Best,  
The Team at IDHE

IDHE: <https://idhe.tufts.edu/>

NSLVE: <https://idhe.tufts.edu/nslve>

Election Imperatives: <https://idhe.tufts.edu/publications-and-resources/election-imperatives>

Talking Politics discussion guide (for NSLVE reports): <https://idhe.tufts.edu/resources/talking-politics-guide-campus-conversations-about-nslve-reports>

Free Speech & Inclusion on Campus discussion guide: <https://idhe.tufts.edu/resources/free-speech-inclusion-campus-discussion-guide>

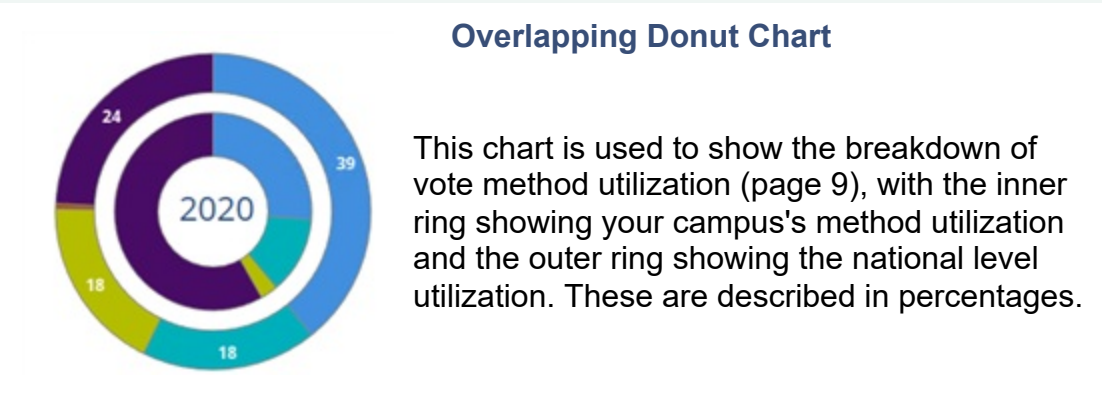
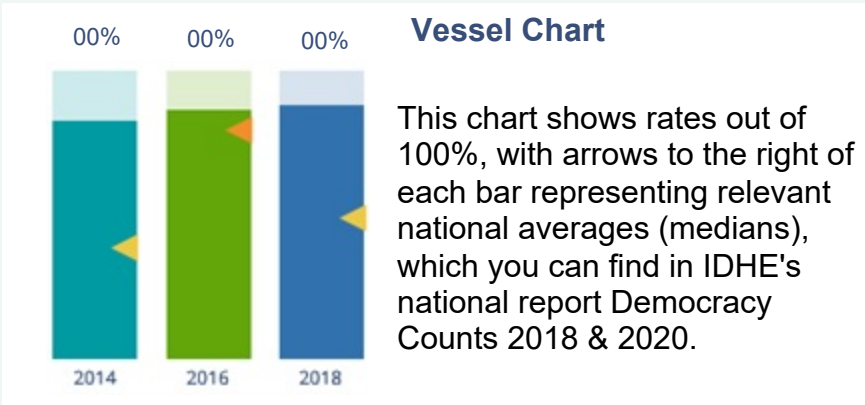
# In This Report

This report presents data on student voter participation rates for your campus. The topline counts on page 5 tells you how many students voted, but we encourage you to look carefully at the data on subsequent pages to learn who voted. Data are presented in the form of vessel charts, overlapping donut charts, and tables.

## Tables

The tables show the numbers of students and the rates from 2014, 2018, and 2020. The change column represents difference between counts and rates. The change in rates are in terms of percentage points. A red down arrow indicates a decrease, a green up arrow indicates an increase, and a yellow arrow pointing to the right indicates no change. "-" in these tables indicates that the data is unavailable/missing, or is available for 10 or less students.

	2014			2018			2014-2018 Change (p.p.)
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	
Asian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American Indian/ Alaska Native	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Black	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



# Voting, Registration and Yield Rates

YOUR INSTITUTION

19.1%

2018 Voting Rate

+12.1

Change From 2014

ALL INSTITUTIONS

39.1%

2018 Voting Rate

REGISTRATION RATE

Year	2014	2018	2020
Rate	59.8%	73.1%	80.2%

The **Registration Rate** is the percent of your voting-eligible students who registered to vote.

VOTING RATE OF REGISTERED STUDENTS

Year	2014	2018	2020
Rate	11.7%	26.1%	70.9%

The **Voting Rate of Registered Students** is the percent of registered students who voted on Election Day. We often refer to this as the “yield” rate.

VOTING RATE

Year	2014	2018	2020
Rate	7.0%	19.1%	56.9%

The **Voting Rate** is the percentage of eligible students who voted on Election Day. The voting rate is also the product of the registration and yield rates.

# Looking Closer

## Voting and Registration Rates

	2014	2018	2020	2014-2018 Change
Total student enrollment per NSC	1,502	1,566	1,441	↑ 64
(Age under 18/Unknown)	—	—	—	—
(Non-resident aliens)	125	77	79	↓ -49
Non-resident aliens data source	IPEDS	IPEDS	IPEDS	
(FERPA records blocked)	51	34	34	↓ -17
(Non-degree seeking students)	—	18	—	—
Total eligible voters	1,318	1,432	1,323	↑ 115
Number of students who registered	788	1,047	1,061	↑ 259
Number of students who voted	92	273	752	↑ 181
Registration Rate %	60	73	80	↑ 13
Voting Rate of Registered Students %	12	26	71	↑ 14
Voting Rate %	7	19	57	↑ 12

**This page provides the numbers we used to calculate your voting, registration, and yield rates.** The sub-categories under total student enrollment are the adjustments that we make to account for students who are ineligible to vote due to age or citizenship status. We also exclude, when correctly flagged, students who are not pursuing degrees.

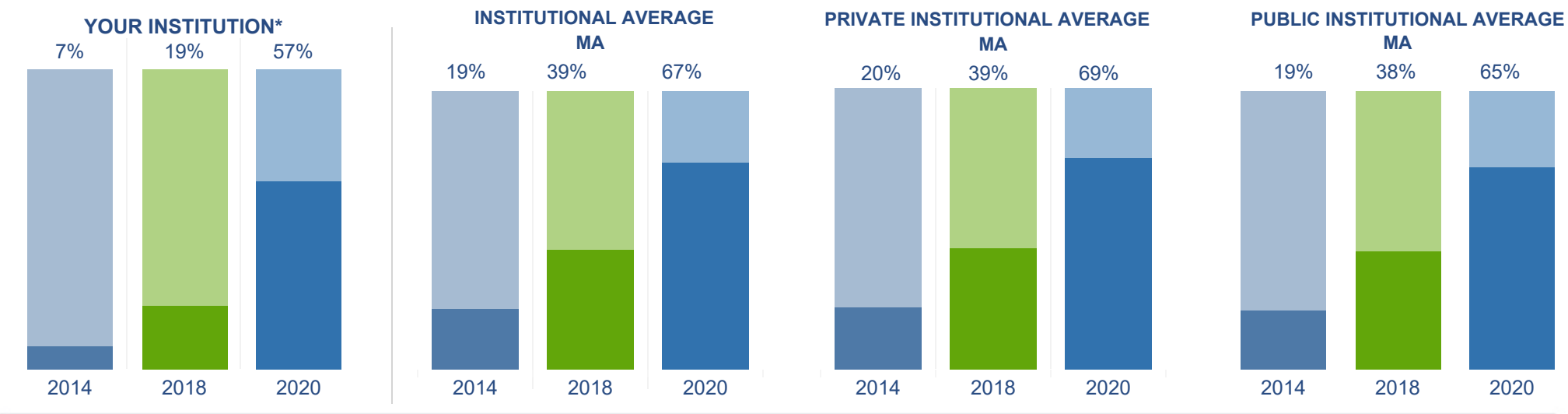
When we have removed non-resident aliens (international students), it is based on your institution's enrollment submission to the NSC. This is indicated by NSC for non-resident aliens data source. We use IPEDS-derived estimates of NRAs when institutions do not submit non-resident alien status data to NSC, or we cannot verify the accuracy of the reported counts. This is indicated by IPEDS in the data source.

In the following pages with tables, **Enrolled** represents the eligible voters when we have used NSC as the data source. When we have used IPEDS as the data source, **Enrolled** includes non-resident aliens who are ineligible to vote, and for whom we are unable to account due to the lack of data from your institution.

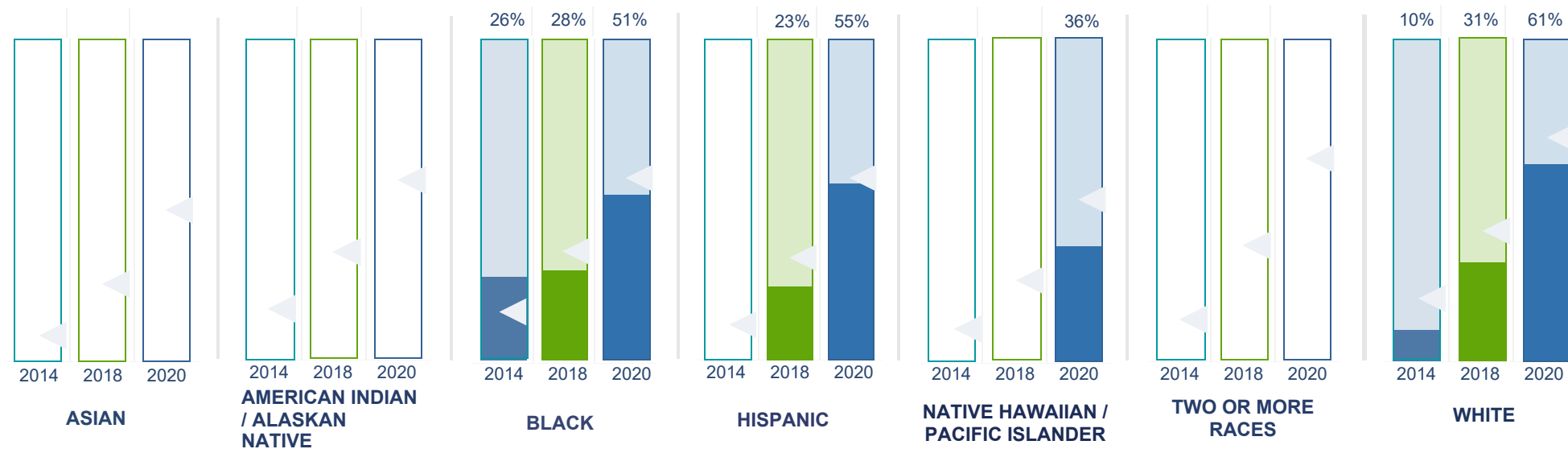
# By Institution Types



These are estimated voting rates of your institution compared to the average voting rates of similar institutions in NSLVE. For Associate institutions, we only share public associate institutional averages due to sample size. \*"Your Institution" chart is presented at a different scale.



## By Race / Ethnicity



**These are estimated voting rates for race / ethnicity groups.** These classifications are provided by campuses and are obtained following race reporting procedures\* defined by the National Center for Education Statistics of the Institute of Education Sciences (IES). Please see our FAQ for more detail : <https://tufts.app.box.com/v/idhe-nsive-report-faq>

If you notice unavailable/missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data or reports this data as unknown; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

\*<https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/report-your-data/race-ethnicity-collecting-data-for-reporting-purposes>

# Looking Closer

## By Race/Ethnicity

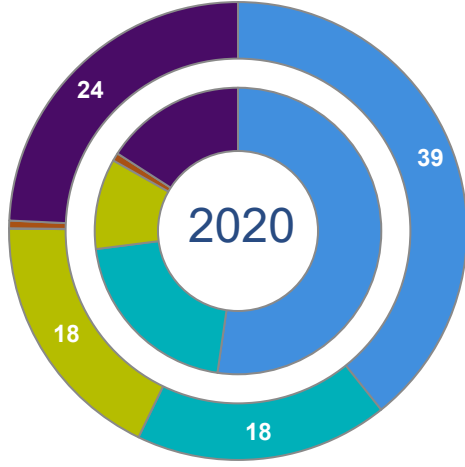
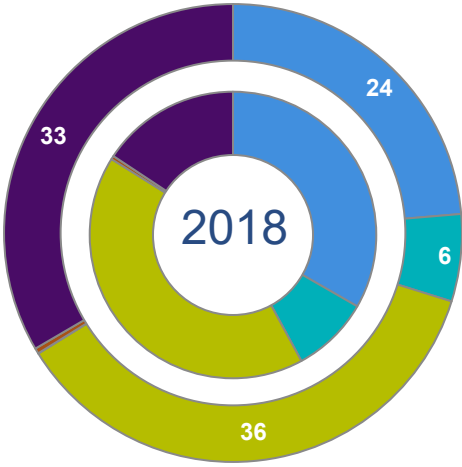
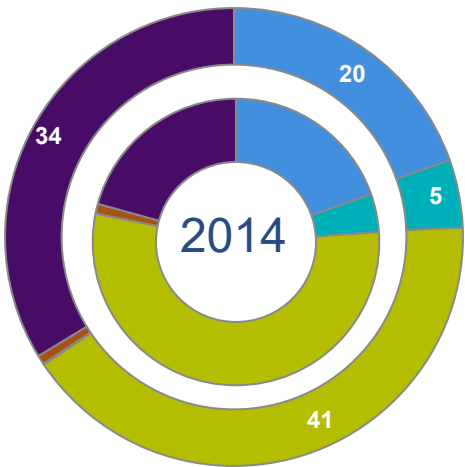
This page provides the numbers we used to calculate race / ethnicity group voting rates. We include the counts of students and the change in rates between the two most recent comparable election years. If you notice unavailable/missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data or reports this data as unknown; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change	
Asian	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
American Indian/ Alaska Native	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
Black	66	17	26	64	18	28	109	56	51	↑	2
Hispanic	51	–	–	48	11	23	100	55	55	–	
Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	27	–	–	28	–	–	62	22	35	–	
2 or More Races	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
White	428	42	10	291	90	31	436	265	61	↑	21



# By Voting Method

Not-In-Person   Early Vote   In-Person   Other   Provisional   Unknown



	2014		2018		2020		2014-2018
	Voted	Rate(%)	Voted	Rate(%)	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change
Early Vote	—	—	24	9	156	21	—
In-Person	50	54	114	42	77	10	↓ -13
Not-In-Person	18	20	91	33	393	52	↑ 14
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Provisional	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Voting Method Unknown	19	21	43	16	119	16	↓ -5

These are estimated rates for vote method utilization, the number of students utilizing each method, and the percent of students utilizing each method. Not all U.S. states provide information on vote method; voting method for voter files from these states are classified “Voting Method Unknown.” For a list of these states, see our FAQ. <https://idhe.tufts.edu/nsive/nsive-faq#CampusReports>. The inner ring in these charts show your campus's method utilization and the outer ring show the national level utilization.

# By Age Group

	2014	2018	2020
18-21	2%	14%	60%
22-24	4%	14%	54%
25-29	5%	22%	46%
30-39	14%	26%	45%
40-49	22%	28%	62%
50+	—	48%	59%

**Voting is habit-forming and young voters will usually continue as voters in subsequent elections.** Also, elected officials and public opinion polls solicit opinions from people they can locate - people in the voter files. In 2020, the youngest students on campuses voted at the highest rates, giving them increasing voice and power. Government officials should take note of this data point, as the viewpoints of young voters may prove influential in future elections. Candidates should be cautious about remaining distant and unresponsive to the perspectives of young voters.

# Looking Closer

By Age Group

Here, we provide the numbers of students in each age category and the voting rates for each group. These are based on the student’s age on the day of the election, as calculated by the National Student Clearinghouse using data from student enrollment records.

	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change	
18-21	481	11	2	580	83	14	468	282	60	↑	12
22-24	381	14	4	384	53	14	369	199	54	↑	10
25-29	286	15	5	284	63	22	279	127	46	↑	17
30-39	180	26	14	178	46	26	189	85	45	↑	11
40-49	83	18	22	60	17	28	60	37	62	↑	7
50+	32	–	–	23	11	48	37	22	59		–

# Looking Closer

By Sex

	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change	
Female	872	60	7	884	186	21	855	481	56	↑	14
Male	571	32	6	625	87	14	540	266	49	↑	8

**These are estimated voting rates for sex groups and the numbers we used to calculate their voting rates.** These classifications are provided by campuses and are obtained following the reporting procedures defined by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) of the Institute of Education Sciences (IES). Presently, NCES requires institutions to report students as “Male” or “Female” only.\*

If you notice missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

\*<https://surveys.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/public/survey-materials/faq?faqid=11>

# Looking Closer


By Education Level / Undergraduate Class Year

	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Rate Change	
EDUCATION LEVEL											
Undergraduate	—	—	—	1,078	152	14	955	502	53	—	
Graduate	—	—	—	369	109	30	403	238	59	—	
Class Unknown	1,443	92	6	62	12	19	44	12	27	<div>↑</div> 13	
CLASS YEAR											
Freshman	241	—	—	235	18	8	169	85	50	—	
Sophomore	172	—	—	204	22	11	184	94	51	—	
Upperclassman	511	24	5	637	111	17	601	323	54	<div>↑</div> 13	
ENROLLMENT STATUS											
Full-time	1,210	61	5	1,315	210	16	1,138	601	53	<div>↑</div> 11	
Part-time	233	31	13	194	63	32	264	151	57	<div>↑</div> 19	

These are estimated voting rates by Education Level (undergraduate/graduate), Class Year, and Enrollment Status (full-time/part-time), and the numbers we used to calculate these rates.

If you notice missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

# By Field of Study

FIELDS	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change
Area, Ethnic, Cultural, and Gender Studies	41	–	–	37	–	–	51	31	61	–
Biological and Biomedical Sciences	27	–	–	27	–	–	30	17	57	–
Business, Management, and Marketing	82	–	–	95	20	21	82	49	60	–
Communication and Journalism	42	–	–	37	–	–	25	–	–	–
Computer and Information Sciences	16	–	–	30	–	–	39	16	41	–
Education	148	13	9	69	12	17	61	32	52	 9
English Language and Literature	13	–	–	15	–	–	21	12	57	–

These are estimated voting rates by field of study, and the numbers we used to calculate the field of study rates. For an explanation of CIP codes, please see our FAQ.\* There are roughly 8,000 fields of study among U.S. colleges and universities, so we provide rates for condensed categories.

\*<https://tufts.app.box.com/v/idhe-nsive-report-faq>

# By Field of Study

FIELDS	2014			2018			2020			2014-2018	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate(%)	Rate Change	
Foreign Languages, Literatures, and ..	161	24	15	172	47	27	194	113	58	↑	12
Health Professions	90	—	—	88	22	25	84	54	64		—
History	13	—	—	16	—	—	21	14	67		—
Liberal Arts and Sciences, and Huma..	418	—	—	524	51	10	382	199	52		—
Mathematics and Statistics	—	—	—	16	—	—	18	—	—		—
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	22	—	—	14	—	—	14	11	79		—
Parks, Recreation, Leisure, and Fitne..	53	—	—	41	—	—	48	23	48		—
Physical Sciences	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		—
Psychology	98	—	—	68	24	35	97	46	47		—
Public Administration and Social Ser..	81	—	—	93	18	19	89	48	54		—
Social Sciences	35	—	—	42	12	29	43	26	60		—
Visual and Performing Arts	24	—	—	48	—	—	45	23	51		—
Unknown	69	—	—	71	15	21	51	17	33		—

# About This Report

**Thank you for participating in the National Study of Learning, Voting, and Engagement.**

Since NSLVE's launch in 2013, nearly 1,200 colleges and universities have signed up to receive their voting rates for the 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020 and 2022 federal elections.

Along with others, your institution's participation in this study has allowed us to build a robust database of over 50 million college student records, about 10 million for each election year, that serves as a foundation for innovative research on college student political learning and engagement in democracy.

NSLVE is a signature initiative of the Institute for Democracy and Higher Education (IDHE) at Tufts University's Jonathan M. Tisch College of Civic Life. The mission of IDHE is to shift college and university priorities and culture to advance political learning, agency, and equity. We achieve our mission through research, resource development, technical assistance, and advocacy.

## About the Data

The voter registration and voting rates in this report reflect the percentage of your institution's students who were eligible to vote and who actually voted in the 2014, 2018, and 2020 elections.

These results are based on enrollment records your institution submitted to the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) and publicly available voting files collected by L2 Political.

Enrollment lists are adjusted by deducting students under age 18 (at the time of the election), people identified as non-degree seeking and those identified by campuses as "nonresident aliens" (NRAs) (the federal government's category for mostly international students). Unfortunately, not all campuses report NRAs to NSC. For those campuses, we use IPEDS to calculate the number of NRA students on each campus and adjust NSC enrollment numbers to estimate the number of students to remove. We also quality check NRA removals by verifying that there is little to no discrepancy between the number of international students reported by the campus to IPEDS and to NSC. We cannot adjust subgroup analyses absent identification of NRAs verified by the process above. We welcome closer partnerships with individual colleges and universities to provide more accurate rates. For more on the data and the matching process, see our FAQ on Campus Reports.



Gallaudet University

Thank you for the work you do to improve your students' political learning and engagement. We hope that you find your NSLVE report useful. For up-to-date news on NSLVE data, resources, and to sign up for our newsletter visit: <https://idhe.tufts.edu>.

References: IDHE encourages report recipients to share this report as broadly as possible, including posting it on the college or university's website. When doing so, please use the following citation: Institute for Democracy & Higher Education: National Study of Learning, Voting and Engagement. (2022). 2014, 2018, and 2020 report for \_\_\_\_\_ [name of institution]. Medford, MA.



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